# **Rick Kernan**

**Presents** 

# Feeder Reroute using Eaton Vaultgard

and

## Fault Locating using Eaton Vaultgard

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## **Presentation Overview**

- Denver Network Stats
- Network Reroute Overview
- Step by Step Reroute Process
- Vaultgard Screen Shots
- Labor Savings
- Fault Locating with Vaultgard
- Conclusion



## **Denver Network Stats**



- Vaultgards▶ 127
- Protectors> 803
- Networks
  > 13 3 Feeder
- Substations5



## **Network Reroute Overview**

Each of Xcel Energy's 13 networks consists of 3 separate feeders that are fed from the same substation buss. There is no distribution on the underground network. On occasion, it is necessary to reroute a network from one source to another source. This source could be a difference buss in the same substation or from a different substation due to capacity issues, new construction or substation issues.



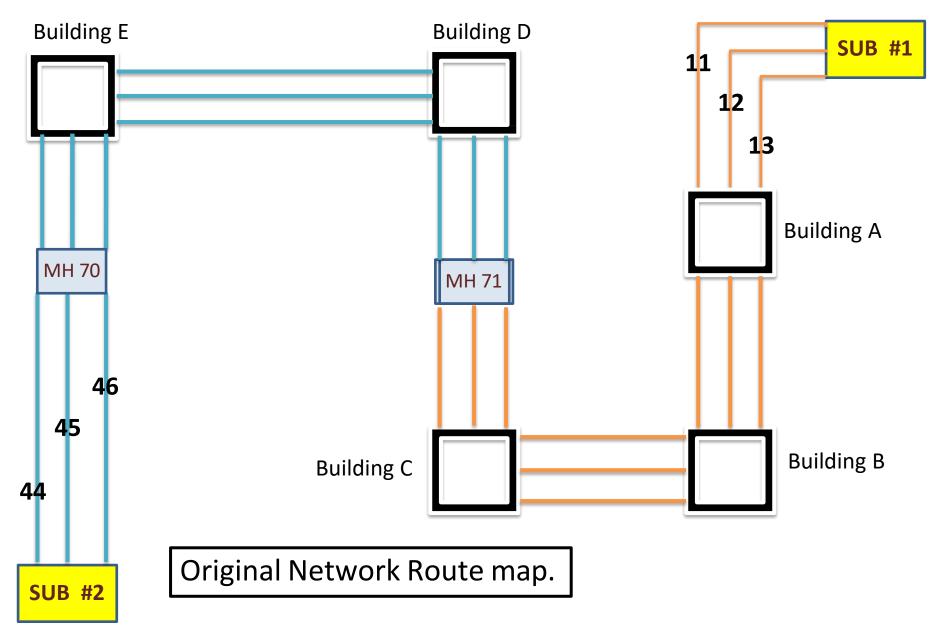
#### **Network Reroute Overview**

In the last 5 years the Xcel Energy Underground Network has executed more the 15 feeder reroutes. A scheduled feeder reroute or "cut" usually will start at 1pm on a Saturday. In most cases a feeder cut will require an open transition or a drop and pick. This open and close is scheduled for 2 am. All effected buildings are notified of the temporary outage several weeks before the feeder cut.



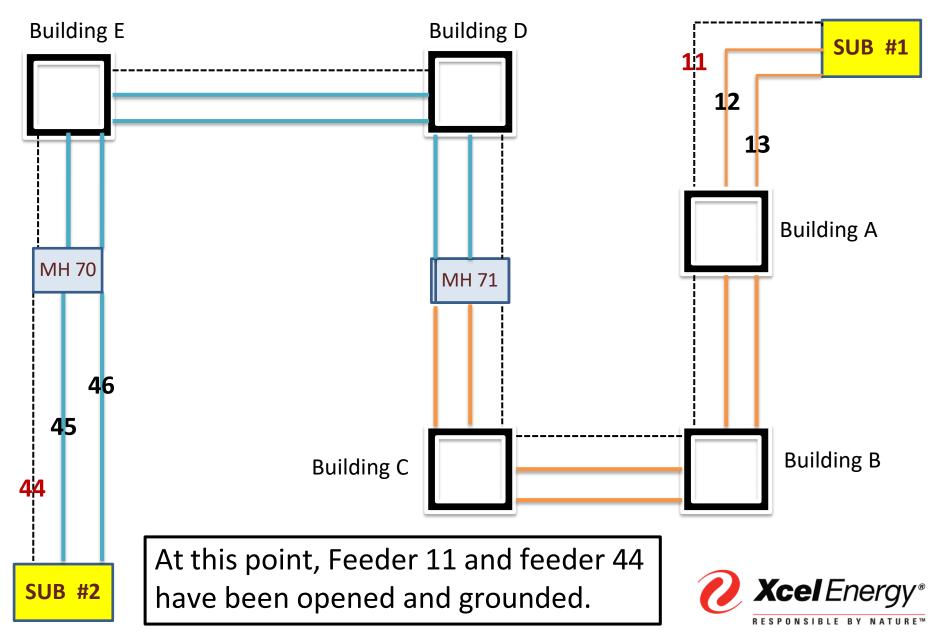
The first step is to identify the source to be used and the route must be identified. This is usually done by the network engineer. In an emergency, the route and source are identified by the lead network employees. All substations, manholes and buildings must identified and all effected customers must be notified. The Underground department coordinates with the substation department to switch out the networks as needed. For this presentation, the blue network will become the orange network as seen in the next few slides.





On the day of the cut, the person in charge will have the substation department open the first set of feeders, feeder 11 and feeder 44 for this example. The feeders will be grounded, and a clearance issued. All crews will begin the reroute process.





At this point, all protectors on feeder 11 and feeder 44 will be Remote Open Blocked Opened with Vaultgard and left in ROBO until later in the feeder cut. In previous feeder cuts, a crew would go to every effected building and manually open the protector. This could be as many as 30 locations and could take up to 2 hours.



## **←**]

#### Network Protector

## FAT•N

<ul> <li>Data View</li> <li>System View</li> </ul>	Name	Status	Breaker	IA	IB	I <sub>C</sub>		VN			VT	(0)		Vp	
<ul> <li>Feeders</li> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Vaults</li> <li>Spot Networks</li> <li>System Status</li> <li>Alarms</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 1 - CAPI 2759 - 909P		Pos Closed		STACE				13 1510	( <b>A</b> ) 280	0751 512	13 12		<u> </u>	
<ul> <li>Alarm Status</li> <li>Logs</li> <li>Graphical Log</li> <li>Data Log</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - <u>30th Fl - Bank 1 -</u> <u>CAPI 2760 - 768P</u>	Closed	Closed	227	230	243	281	282	279	281	282	279	0.0	0.0	0.2
<ul> <li>Event Log</li> <li>Command Log</li> <li>VaultGard Configuration</li> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Network</li> </ul>	<u>*Dominion Plaza -</u> <u>30th Fl - Bank 1 -</u> <u>CAPI 2761 - 769P</u>	Closed	Closed	221	231	240	281	283	280	281	283	280	0.1	0.1	0.0
<ul> <li>Services</li> <li>Date/Time</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Firmware</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2759 - 708P	Closed	Closed	41	45	37	290	291	292	290	292	292	0.0	0.2	0.1
<ul> <li>Templates</li> <li>Import/Export</li> <li>SCADA (DNP Slave)</li> <li>Device Configuration</li> <li>Relays</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2760 - 774P	Closed	Closed	45	50	43	290	292	290	290	292	290	0.3	0.0	0.1
<ul> <li>Sensors</li> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Remove Device</li> <li>Field Bus Configuration         <ul> <li></li></ul></li></ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2761 - 957P Address/Name	Closed	Closed	40	44	34	291	294	292	291	294	292	0.1	0.2	0.1

#### This is a view with the feeder closed.



This is a view with the feeder open.





#### Network Protector VAULTGARD

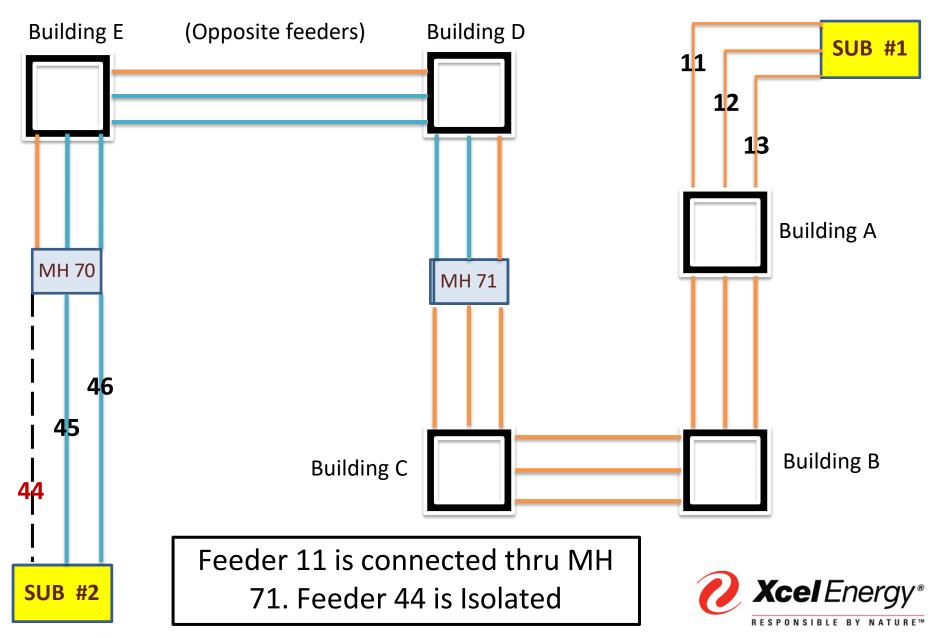
## FAT•N

<ul> <li>Data View</li> <li>System View</li> </ul>	Name	Status	Breaker Pos	IA	Ip	Ic		VN			VT			$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{P}}$	
<ul> <li>Feeders</li> </ul>	0.100000	10000000000000	Pos	A	D	C	(A)	<b>(B)</b>	(C)	(A)	<b>(B)</b>	(C)	(A)	<b>(B)</b>	(C)
<ul> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Vaults</li> <li>Spot Networks</li> <li>System Status</li> <li>Alarms</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - <u>30th Fl - Bank 1 -</u> CAPI 2759 - 909P	Open	Open	0	0	0	280	280	279	14	14	14	283.8	282.2	280.3
<ul> <li>Alarm Status</li> <li>Logs</li> <li>Graphical Log</li> <li>Data Log</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - <u>30th Fl - Bank 1 -</u> <u>CAPI 2760 - 768P</u>	Closed	Closed	97	83	108	281	281	280	281	281	280	0.0	0.0	0.2
<ul> <li>Event Log</li> <li>Command Log</li> <li>VaultGard Configuration</li> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Network</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 1 - CAPI 2761 - 769P	Closed	Closed	88	75	97	279	281	280	279	281	280	0.1	0.1	0.0
<ul> <li>Services</li> <li>Date/Time</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Firmware</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2759 - 708P	Open	Open	0	0	0	290	290	290	15	15	14	293.6	291.3	291.7
<ul> <li>Templates</li> <li>Import/Export</li> <li>SCADA (DNP Slave)</li> <li>Device Configuration</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2760 - 774P	Closed	Closed	50	48	41	289	290	289	289	290	289	0.3	0.1	0.1
<ul> <li>Relays</li> <li>Sensors</li> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Remove Device</li> <li>Field Bus Configuration</li> <li> ● DNP</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2761 - 957P	Closed	Closed	43	40	30	291	291	290	291	291	290	0.1	0.2	0.1

#### This is a protector in ROBO

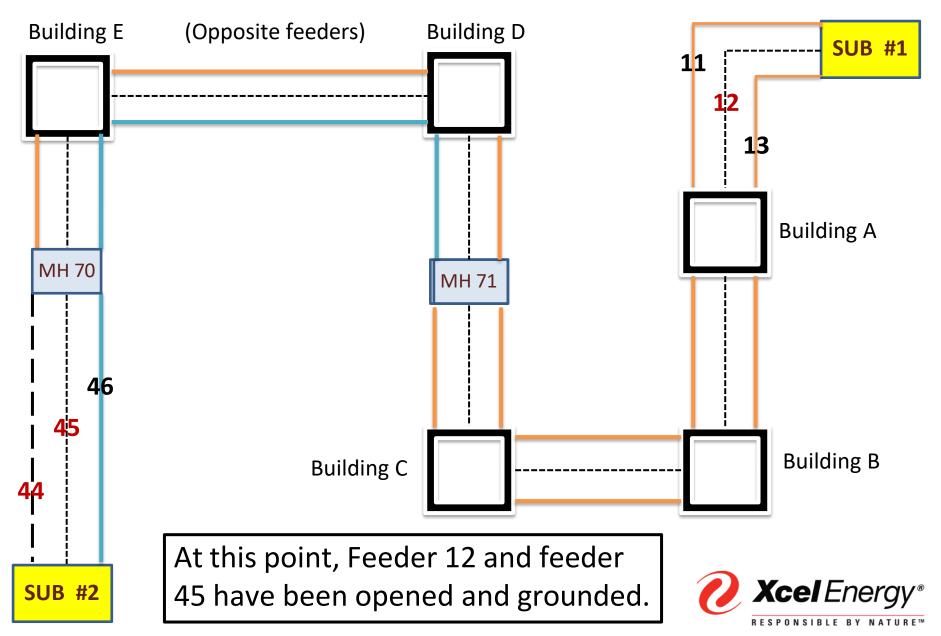
Once the junction straps have been reconfigured in manhole 71, feeder 11 is re-energized. Feeder 44 is isolated between the substation and manhole 70. Feeder 44 is now feeder 11. There are now opposite feeders in the buildings. The protectors that were energized and are opposite feeders are in Remote Open Blocked Open status to prevent tying the networks together.





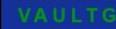
The next 2 feeders, 12 and 45, are opened and grounded. As with the first set of feeders, all protectors on feeder 12 and feeder 45 will be Remote Open Blocked Open with Vaultgard and left in ROBO until later in the feeder cut. In previous feeder cuts, a crew would go to every effected building a 2<sup>nd</sup> time and manually open the protector. Once again, this could be as many as 30 locations and could take up to 2 hours.







#### **Network Protector**



#### FAT•N

<ul> <li>Data View</li> <li>System View</li> <li>Feeders</li> </ul>	Name	Status	Breaker Pos	IA	IB	I <sub>C</sub>	(A)	V <sub>N</sub> (B)	(C)	(A)	V <sub>T</sub> (B)		(A)	V <sub>P</sub> (B)	(C)
<ul> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Vaults</li> <li>Spot Networks</li> <li>System Status</li> <li>Alarms</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 1 - CAPI 2759 - 909P	Open	Open	0	0	0		61 23	279				<u>eo (85 186</u>	2.4	2.4
<ul> <li>Alarm Status</li> <li>Logs</li> <li>Graphical Log</li> <li>Data Log</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - <u>30th Fl - Bank 1 -</u> CAPI 2760 - 768P	Tripped	Open	0	0	0	279	280	278	14	12	13	282.6	282.4	280.3
<ul> <li>Event Log</li> <li>Command Log</li> <li>VaultGard Configuration</li> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Network</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 1 - CAPI 2761 - 769P	Closed	Closed	158	154	192	278	280	278	278	280	279	0.1	0.1	0.0
<ul> <li>Services</li> <li>Date/Time</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Firmware</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2759 - 708P	Open	Open	0	0	0	290	289	289	292	291	291	2.8	2.5	1.7
<ul> <li>Templates</li> <li>Import/Export</li> <li>SCADA (DNP Slave)</li> <li>Device Configuration</li> <li>Delays</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2760 - 774P	Tripped	Open	0	0	0	288	290	288	17	16	15	292.3	291.1	290.4
<ul> <li>Relays</li> <li>Sensors</li> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Remove Device</li> <li>Field Bus Configuration</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2761 - 957P	Closed	Closed	98	99	79	289	291	289	289	291	289	0.1	0.2	0.1

#### Feeders 11 and 12 are open. Feeder 11 is ROBO'd



#### Network Protector

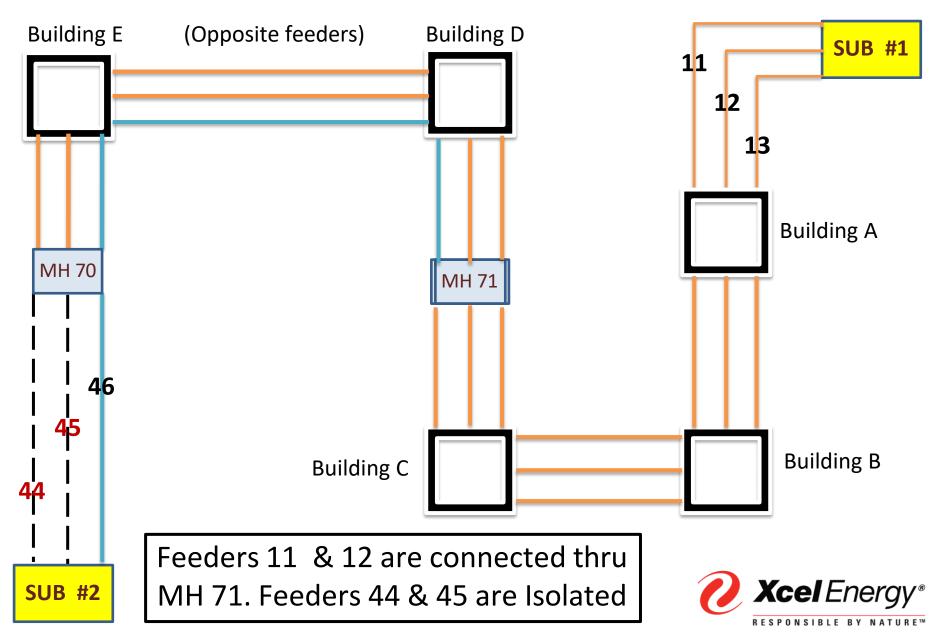
## FAT-N

Data View     Sustem View	Name	Status	Breaker	I.	I.	I <sub>C</sub>		VN			VT			VP	
<ul> <li>System View</li> <li>Feeders</li> </ul>	Ivanie	Status	Pos	A	ъВ	ъС	(A)	<b>(B)</b>	(C)	(A)	<b>(B)</b>	(C)	(A)	<b>(B)</b>	(C)
<ul> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Vaults</li> <li>Spot Networks</li> <li>System Status</li> <li>Alarms</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - <u>30th Fl - Bank 1 -</u> CAPI 2759 - 909P	Open	Open	0	0	0	280	280	279	283	282	281	3.8	2.5	3.0
<ul> <li>Alarm Status</li> <li>Logs</li> <li>Graphical Log</li> <li>Data Log</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 1 - CAPI 2760 - 768P	Open	Open	0	0	0	280	281	279	15	14	14	283.3	283.0	281.2
<ul> <li>Event Log</li> <li>Command Log</li> <li>VaultGard Configuration</li> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Network</li> </ul>	*Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 1 - CAPI 2761 - 769P	Closed	Closed	171	154	201	279	281	279	279	281	279	0.1	0.1	0.0
<ul> <li>Services</li> <li>Date/Time</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Firmware</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2759 - 708P	Open	Open	0	0	0	290	291	290	292	294	291	2.9	1.8	2.3
<ul> <li>Templates</li> <li>Import/Export</li> <li>SCADA (DNP Slave)</li> <li>Device Configuration</li> <li>Relays</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2760 - 774P	Open	Open	0	0	0	289	290	290	16	16	16	293.3	292.1	291.1
<ul> <li>Sensors</li> <li>Protectors</li> <li>Remove Device</li> <li>Field Bus Configuration</li> </ul>	Dominion Plaza - 30th Fl - Bank 2 - CAPI 2761 - 957P	Closed	Closed	79	90	71	290	291	291	290	291	291	0.1	0.1	0.1

#### Feeders 11 and 12 are open and are ROBO'd

Once the junction straps have been reconfigured in manhole 71, feeder 12 is re-energized. Feeder 45 is isolated between the substation and manhole 70. Feeder 45 is now feeder 12. Again, there are opposite feeders in the buildings. The protectors that were energized that are on opposite feeders are in Remote Open Blocked Open status to prevent tying the networks together.





Now we have 2 feeders on the new source and the protectors are in ROBO. At this point we will start to look at our positive sequence phasing voltage and the positive sequence phasing angle. They might be very close of wildly out of sync depending on the source.





#### **Network Protector**

#### FATON



Name:Colo National Bank - (TEMP 2023) LACO 1786 - 439P Configuration: Data View System View Address:439 Feeders View Setpoints Protectors View Trip Log Vaults Status: Open Spot Networks Remote Open Block Open System Status Reason: Actions: Alarms Operations: 550 Alarm Status Protective Close On ROBO On Loas Protective Close Off **ROBO Off**  Graphical Log Data Log Firmware Version 1.016 Reset Pumping Fault Event Log Breaker Position Command Log Open 10.0 PL=-5 VaultGard Configuration π Remote Trip (ROBO) Active Access Control 8.00 Network Attempting Remote Services false Protective Close Date/Time 6.00 Email Firmware Templates B C A 4.00 Import/Export SCADA (DNP Slave) Currents 0 0 0 **Device Configuration** 2.00 Network Relays 121 122 121 Sensors Voltages(L-N) LHML=90 ML=0.5V Protectors Remove Device Transformer 123 124 123 Field Bus Configuration Voltages (L-N) F DNP **INCOM** Phasing Documentation 2.2 1.8 2.5 Voltages Eaton Website Eaton Network Protector Software Licenses Pos Seq Phasing Voltage 2.0 6% Pos Seq Phasing Angle 11.3

Positive sequence phasing voltage 2.0 volts Positive sequence phasing angle 11.3 degrees.





#### Network Protector

#### AULTGARD

#### F:T•N



- view ocipoints View Trip Log Data View Status: Open System View Remote Open Block Open Feeders Reason: Actions: Protectors Operations: 198 Vaults Protective Close On ROBO On Spot Networks · System Status Protective Close Off **ROBO Off** Alarms Firmware Version 1.016 Alarm Status Reset Pumping Fault Logs Breaker Position Open 10.0 Graphical Log PL=-5 Remote Trip (ROBO) Active Data Log Event Log 8.00 Attempting Remote Command Log false VaultGard Configuration Protective Close 6.00 Access Control Network Services В C A 4.00 Date/Time Email 0 0 0 Currents Firmware 2.00 Templates Network 283 280 281 Import/Export Voltages(L-N) LHML=90 ML=0.5V SCADA (DNP Slave) **Device Configuration** Transformer Voltages (L-N) 286 285 286 Relays Sensors Protectors Phasing Remove Device 12.5 14.0 12.9 Voltages Field Bus Configuration **DNP T** INCOM Documentation Pos Seq Phasing Voltage 13.1 6% Eaton Website Faton Network Pos Seq Phasing Angle 74.5 IV Protector PF 1.00 Software Licenses Display as: OClosed OOpen Power (kW) 0 Click to force plot display Click selection again to release
- Positive sequence phasing voltage 13.1 volts Positive sequence phasing angle 74.5 degrees.



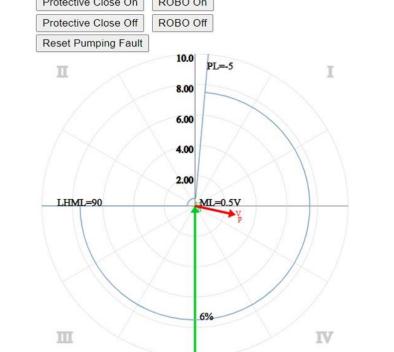


#### **Network Protector**

#### Data View View Trip Log Status: Tripped System View Feeders Reason: Sensitive Trip Actions: Protectors Vaults Operations: 345 Protective Close On ROBO On Spot Networks System Status Protective Close Off **ROBO Off** Alarms Firmware Version 1.016 Alarm Status Reset Pumping Fault Logs Breaker Position Open 10.0 Graphical Log Π Data Log Remote Trip (ROBO) Inactive Event Log 8.00 Command Log Attempting Remote false VaultGard Configuration Protective Close Access Control 6.00 Network Services B C A 4.00 Date/Time Email 0 0 Currents 0 Firmware 2.00 Templates Network Import/Export 284 284 283 LHML=90 Voltages(L-N) SCADA (DNP Slave) **Device Configuration** Transformer Relays 283 282 282 Voltages (L-N) Sensors Protectors Phasing Remove Device 6.1 6.5 5.6 Field Bus Configuration Voltages + DNP **T** INCOM Documentation Pos Seq Phasing Voltage 6.0 Eaton Website 6% Eaton Network Pos Seq Phasing Angle -102.4Protector Software Licenses PF 1.00 OOpen Display as: OClosed Power (kW) 0 Click to favor plat dieplan Click coloction again to valage

FATON

View Setpoints



Positive sequence phasing voltage 6.0 volts Positive sequence phasing angle -102.4 degrees.



Cautio

Contro

After looking at the phasing voltage and angles, We will change the settings on all relays that are on feeder 44. These changes are made so the protector will not close when the ROBO is removed. The protector will close on a dead buss. Protectors that were on feeder 45 will remain in ROBO until the final feeders are open.





#### Network Protector

AULTGARD

#### FAT•N

Da	ta	View	
0	S	/stem	View

Feeders
 Protectors

- Protecto
   Vaults
- Vaults
   Spot Not

Spot Networks
System Status

 System St Alarms

Alarm Status

Logs

- Graphical Log
- Data Log

Event Log

Command Log

VaultGard Configuration

- Access Control
- Network
- Services
- Date/Time
- Email

Firmware

- Templates
- Import/Export

SCADA (DNP Slave)

**Device** Configuration

- Relays
- Sensors

Protectors
Remove Device

Field Bus Configuration

DNP

Documentation
 Eaton Website

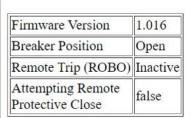
Eaton Network

Protector

Software Licenses

Name:Alley MH 15-08-04 - CALI 2021 - 976P Address:976

Status:OpenReason:NormalOperations:140



BC

120 120 120

124 124 123

6.0 6.7 6.1

57.3

0

A

0 0

Pos Seq Phasing Voltage 6.3

Pos Seq Phasing Angle

Currents

Network

Phasing

Voltages

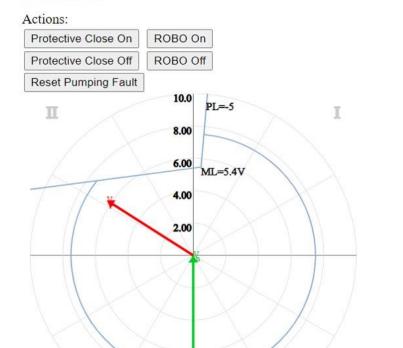
Voltages(L-N)

Transformer

Voltages (L-N)

- 976P Configuration:

- · View Setpoints
- <u>View Trip Log</u>



6%

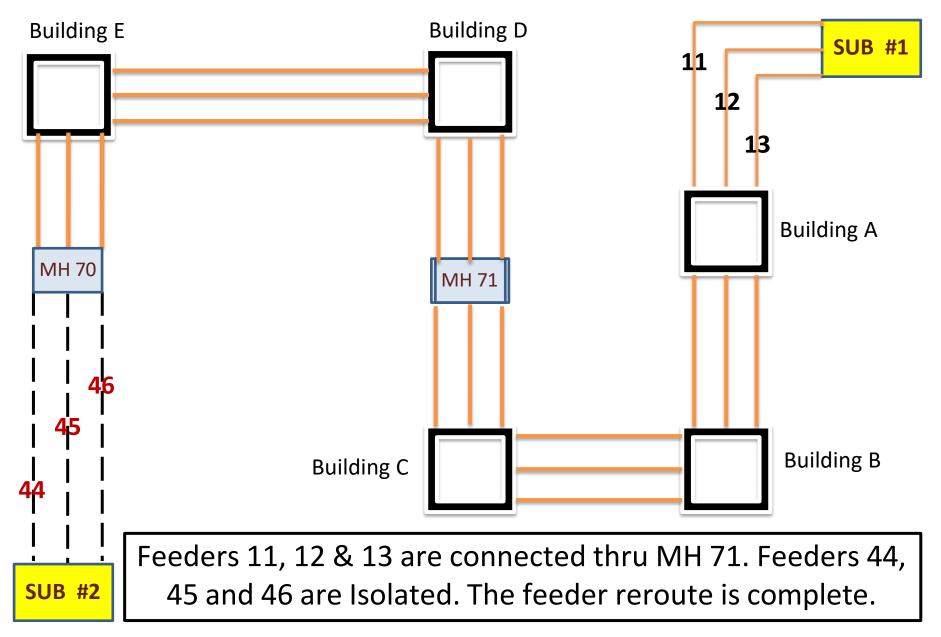
The protector is open, the handle in the automatic position and the relay settings have been changed. This protector will close on a dead buss.

On the original feeder cut procedure, at 2am the crews would go to the buildings for a 3<sup>rd</sup> time. The crews would manually open the protector on feeder 46 and then manually close the protectors on feeder 11 and 12, completing the momentary planned outage on the building. When using vaultgard, all of the protectors on feeder 11 will automatically close when feeder 46 is opened at the substation. Once the protectors on feeder 11 close, the ROBO on the protectors on feeder 12 is removed.



After confirming the protectors on feeder 12 have closed the protectors on feeder 11 with the temporary settings are then ROBO'd and the original settings are re-applied. The ROBO is then removed. When feeder 13 is energized, the protectors will close completing the feeder reroute. On the old procedure, the crew would go to the building for a 4<sup>th</sup> time to put the protectors back to the automatic position.





# Conclusion

As you can see, using vaultgard for a feeder reroute is a labor-saving device. Instead of sending crews to an affected building 4 different times, a 2-man crew can manipulate the relays, monitor the system loads in real time, allow switching outside of the vault and cut over multiple buildings within seconds. This procedure saves time, money and improves safety by minimizing employee exposure and risk.



# QUESTION?



# Fault Locating using Eaton Vaultgard





# Fault Locating Using Vaultgard

Xcel Energy has developed a procedure to use Vaultgard when a circuit lockout occurs.

- Step #1 Check Vaultgard emails.
- Step #2 Plot the emails on the feeder map in the order they came in.
- Step #3 Download Event Logs from all Vaultgards associated with the locked out circuit.
- Step #4 Evaluate all event logs. Separate all events into categories.
- Step #5 Dispatch crew to projected area & start fault finding.



## Step #1 – Check Emails

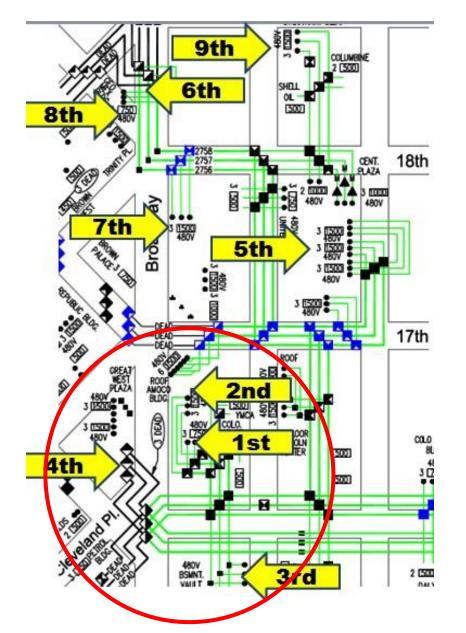
#### Outlook Web App

New mail	Search mail and people	
	INBOX CONVERSATIONS BY D	DATE 🔻
«	All Unread To me Flagged	
Favorites Inbox 155	VaultGard Event Report { Irip Event } ID=8551 Event=Alarm Active Device=115P - CAPI2757 - Columbine Bldg - 1845 Sherman Bas	6:39p
Sent Items Deleted Items 2654	RTDsidewalkGalbreathTower.101@xcelenergy.com VaultGard Event Report { Trip Event } ID=7195 Event=Alarm Active Device=832P - CAPI2757 - RTD Sidewalk - 1550 Broadway Time	6:39p
Kernan, Richard S	UnitedBankSidewalk.93@xcelenergy.com VaultGard Event Report { Trip Event } ID=4485 Event=Alarm Active Device=860P - CAPI2757 - United Bank - 1750 Lincoln - Sidewal	6:39p
Drafts [2] Sent Items Deleted Items 2654	ColoStateBankBasement.102@xcelenergy.com VaultGard Event Report { Trip Event } ID=10381 Event=Alarm Active Device=087P - CAPI2757 - Colo State Bank - 1620 Broadway - B	6:39p
Junk E-mail [110] Notes	LincolnCourt1580BasementParking@xcelenergy.com VaultGard Event Report { Trip Event } ID=5791 Event=Alarm Active Device=496P - CAPI2757 - Lincoln Court - 1580 Lincoln Baseme	6:39p
RSS Feeds	✓ LincolnCenterRoof@xcelenergy.com VaultGard Event Report { Trip Event } ID=4248 Event=Alarm Active Device=080P - CAPI2757 - Lincoln Center - 1690 Lincoln Roof T	¥ ► 6:39p
	LincolnCenterP1Garage.98@xcelenergy.com VaultGard Event Report { Trip Event } ID=3697 Event=Alarm Active Device=950P- CAPI 2757- Lincoln Center P1 Garage Time=05/2	6:39p

These are emails from a circuit lockout #1. The order they come in is the key to finding the area where the fault is located.



## Step #2 – Plot Emails on Map

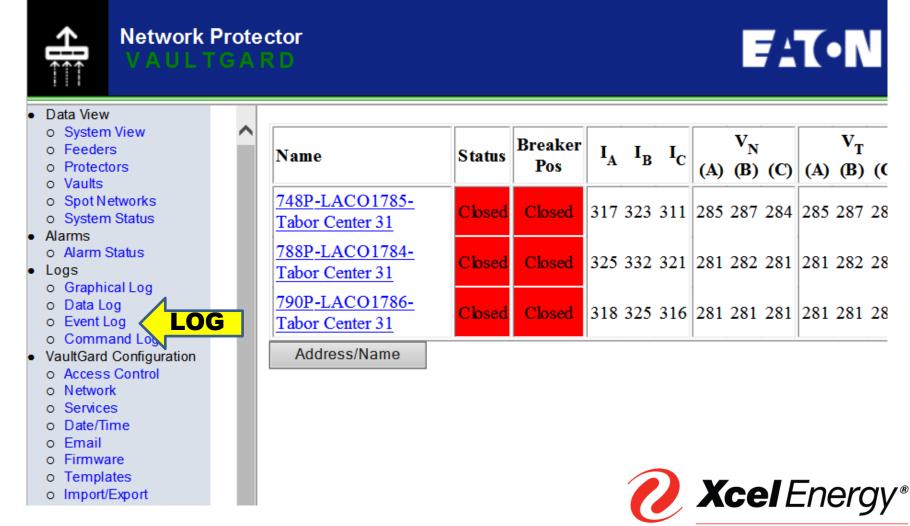


Plot the Vaultgard emails on feeder map in the order they report. The first 4 emails will determine where employees will start the fault finding process.



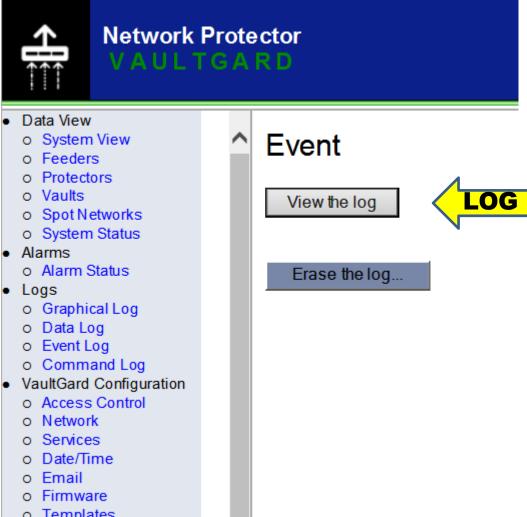
## Step #3 – Open Event Log

#### Click on the Vaultgard Event Log button.



RESPONSIBLE BY NATURE™

# Step #3 – Download Event Log



- Templates
- o Import/Export

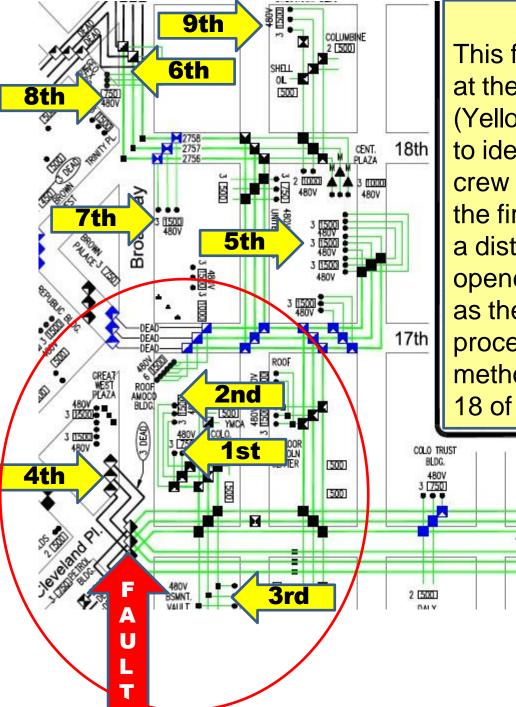
Click on the Vaultgard "View the log" button. Download the event log of every Vaultgard associated with the locked out circuit into an Excel spread sheet.



## Step #4 – Evaluate Event Log

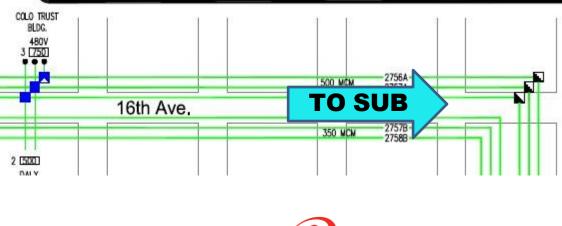
This spread sheet is the combined event logs of all the Vaultgards associated with the faulted circuit. It has been sorted by time to capture the fault event. It is very important to notice the comments in the "Parameter Display Name" column. The fact there is only "Trip Event" in this column indicates a cable fault is the likely cause of the lockout.

	А	В	С	D	E
1	Date	Time	Time(seconds)	Device Display Name	Parameter Display Name
2					
3	5/25/2017	18:39	23.894298	496P - CAPI2757 - Lincoln Court - 1580 Lincoln Basement Parking	Trip Event
4	5/25/2017	18:39	23.927144	080P - CAPI2757 - Lincoln Center - 1690 Lincoln Roof	Trip Event
5	5/25/2017	18:39	24.114642	227P - CAPI2757 - Soho Bldg - 1800 Glenarm - Sidewalk	Trip Event
6	5/25/2017	18:39	24.36413	950P- CAPI 2757- Lincoln Center P1 Garage	Trip Event
7	5/25/2017	18:39	24.413596	832P - CAPI2757 - RTD Sidewalk - 1550 Broadway	Trip Event
8	5/25/2017	18:39	24.491027	860P - CAPI2757 - United Bank - 1750 Lincoln - Sidewalk E Side	Trip Event
9	5/25/2017	18:39	24.82233	087P - CAPI2757 - Colo State Bank - 1620 Broadway - Basement	Trip Event
10	5/25/2017	18:39	25.212713	081P - CAPI2758 - Lincoln Center - 1690 Lincoln Roof	Trip Event
11	5/25/2017	18:39	25.255871	503P - CAPI2757 - United Bank - 1700 Lincoln - Bsmnt - 1st Bank	Trip Event
12	5/25/2017	18:39	25.287772	115P - CAPI2757 - Columbine Bldg - 1845 Sherman Basement	Trip Event
13	5/25/2017	18:39	25.347354	481P - ELAT2757 - Amoco Bldg - 1690 Broadway - 36th Fl E Bank	Trip Event
14	5/25/2017	18:39	25.919534	071P - CAPI2757 - Daly Bldg - 1576 Sherman Alley	Trip Event
15	5/25/2017	18:39	26.49674	124P - CAPI2757 - United Bank - 1751 Lincoln - 120 V - W Side	Trip Event
16	5/25/2017	18:39	26.835828	811P - CAPI2757 - Mellon Financial - 18th & Sherman - 8th	<b>Xcel</b> Energy®
17	5/25/2017	18:39	26.882441	085P - CAPI2757 - YMCA - 1625 Lincoln MH E 16-0-4	Trip Event
18	5/25/2017	18.39	27 180366	825P - CΔPI2757 - Galbreath Tower - 1560 Broadway	RESPONSIBLE BY NATURE™ Trin Event



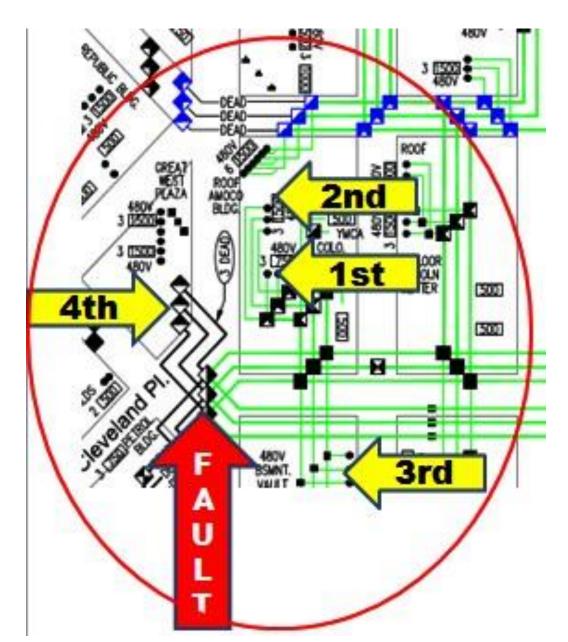
#### FINAL ASSESSMENT.

This fault occurred in May of 2017. Look at the order in which the emails came in (Yellow Arrows). The order is being used to identify the general fault location. The crew was dispatched to the area in which the first 4 emails arrived from, and found a disturbed manhole lid. The lid was opened and a faulted cable was identified as the cause of the lockout. The whole process took less than 3 hours. This method has been proven to be accurate 18 of the last 20 circuit lockouts.





## Map – Fault #1



This is a larger view of the previous slide.



# QUESTION?

